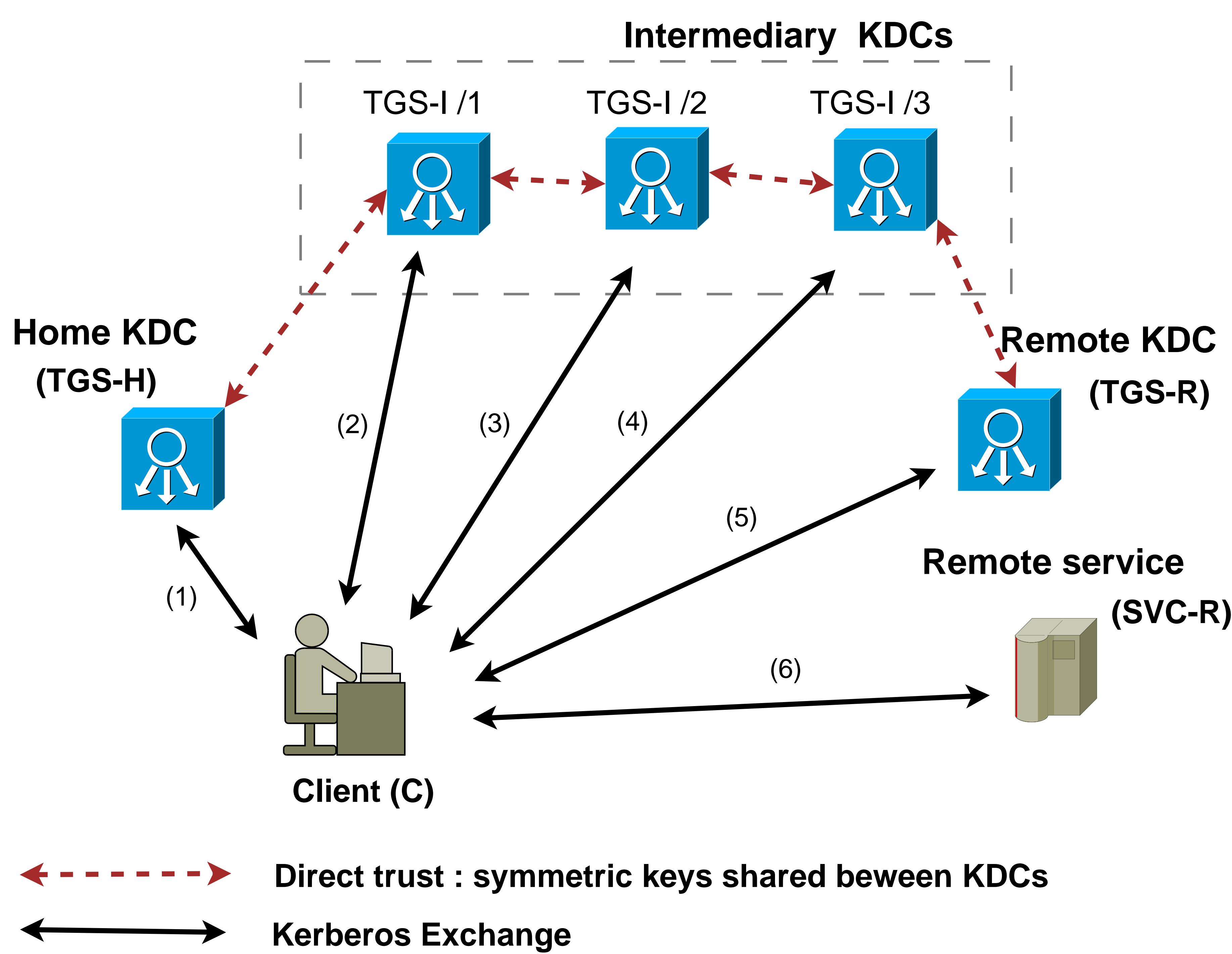


# Inter-KDC protocol for improved Kerberos cross-realm operations

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## Issues in Kerberos cross-realm operations



### Definitions

#### Key Distribution Center (KDC) :

- \* Shares keys with clients, services, other KDCs
- \* Has two components : AS , TGS

#### Ticket Granting Ticket (TGT) :

- \* Obtained by clients from the AS
- \* Allows clients to communicate with TGS

#### Service Ticket (ST) :

- \* Obtained by clients (who have a TGT) from the TGS
- \* Allows clients to communicate with an application svc

### Operations

- 1 : C -> TGS-H : Give me TGT for TGS-R  
TGS-H -> C : TGT for TGS-I/1
- 2,3 : C -> TGS-I/n : Give me TGT for TGS-R  
TGS-I/n -> C : TGT for TGS-I/n+1
- 4 : C -> TGS-I/3 : Give me TGT for TGS-R  
TGS-I/3 -> C : TGT for TGS-R
- 5 : C -> TGS-R : Give me ST for SVC-R  
TGS-R -> C : ST for SVC-R
- 6 : C authenticates with SVC-R

## Issues

### Performance

- Client involved in too many exchanges
- > Not adapted for small devices

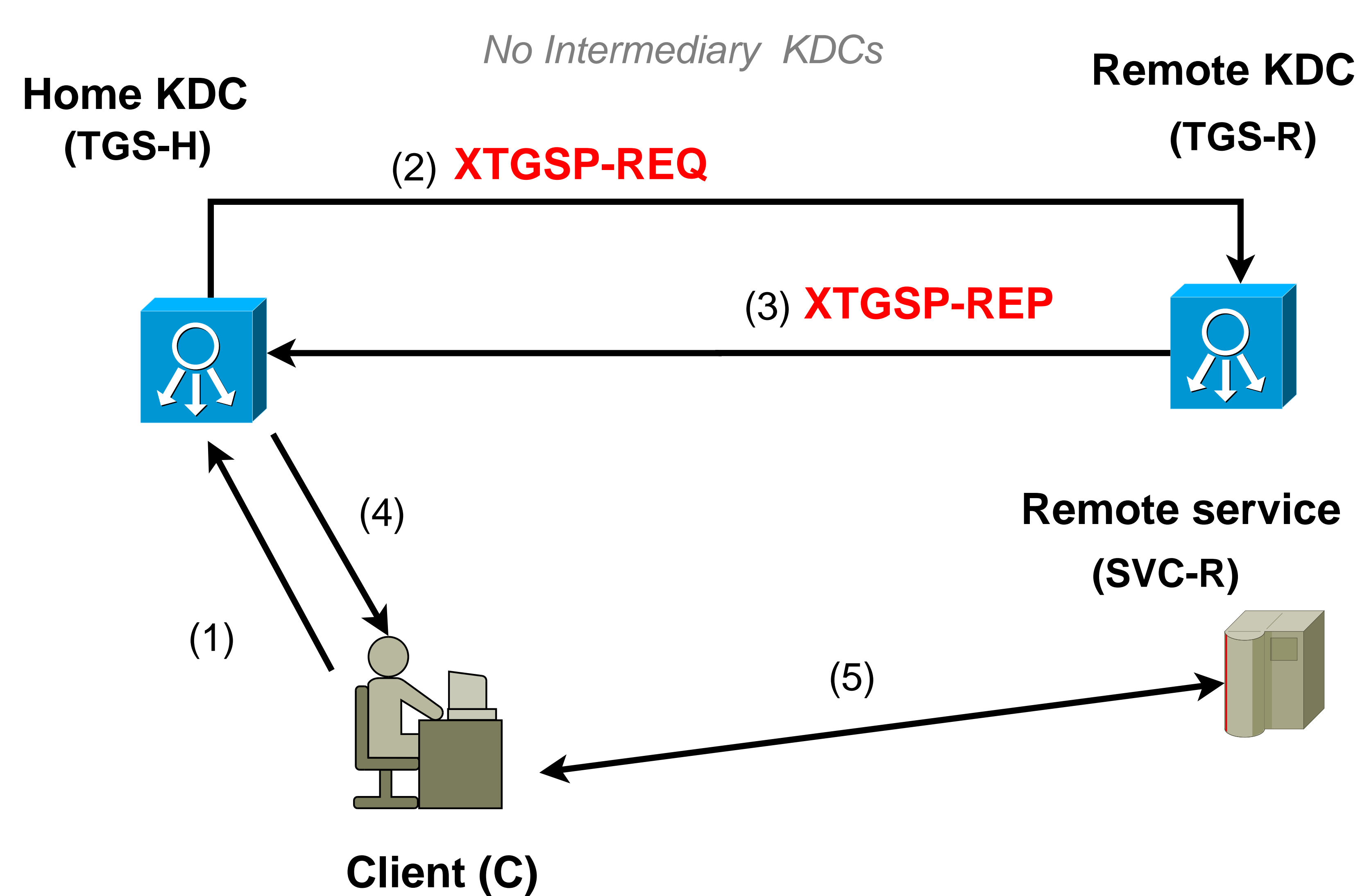
### Reliability

- If any Intermediary KDC is down
- > Client can't authenticate

### Security

- If any Intermediary KDC is corrupted
- > Client/server communication unsafe

## Our approach : XTGSP, the inter-TGS Kerberos cross-realm protocol



draft-zrelli-xkdcp-00  
 draft-sakane-krb-cross-problem-statement-01  
 draft-zrelli-krb-xtgsp-00

### Concept

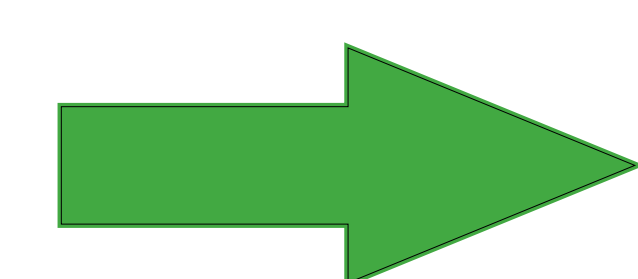
- ◆ No Intermediary KDCs
- ◆ Public-Key cryptography to establish Inter-realm trust
- ◆ Client requests an ST for SVC-R from its home KDC
- ◆ Home KDC communicates with remote KDC to build a ST for the client

### Operations

- 1 : C -> TGS-H : Give me ST for SVC-R
- 2 : TGS-H -> TGS-R : Give me a ST for my client C to access your service SVC-R.
- 3 : TGS-R -> TGS-H : Here is a ST
- 4 : C -> TGS-H : ST for SVC-R
- 5 : C authenticates with SVC-R

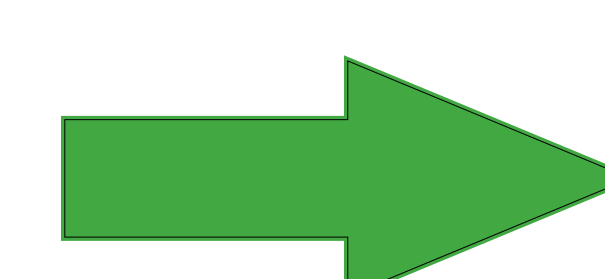
## Advantages

Cross-realm processing delegated to KDCs



Less load on small devices

No intermediary KDCs



Better reliability, better security